









## SOUTH ASIA HYDROMET FORUM III

IMPROVING WEATHER AND CLIMATE FORECASTS FOR THE REGION

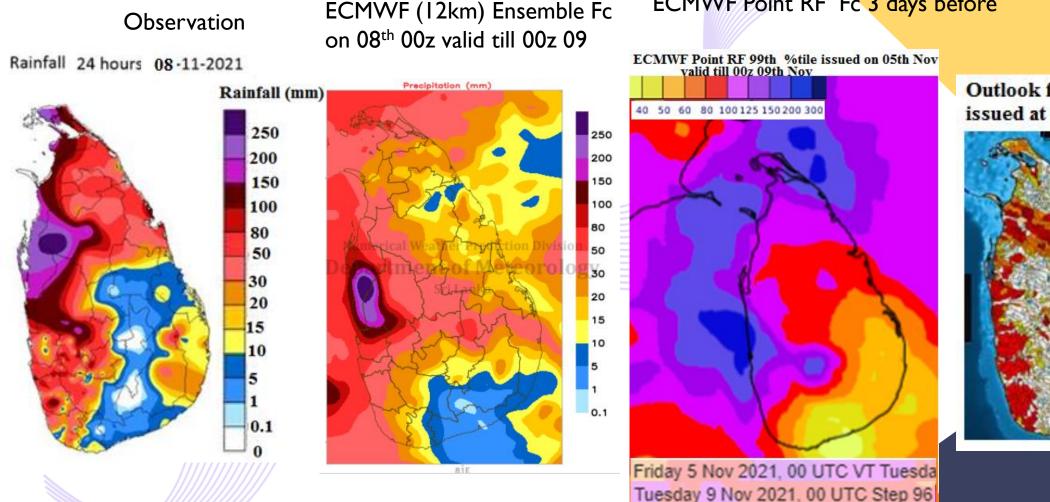
SAHF program design to meet challenges and harness opportunities in the coming decade

Shiromani Jayawardane,

Director, Weather Forecasting and Decision Support, Department of Meteorology, Sri Lanka

November 15-18, 2021 Annual Event- Virtual

THIS EVENT WAS WELL PREDICTED BY MODELS, TIMELY WARNINGS ISSUED. HOW EVER AT LEAST 25 PERSONS HAVE DIED AND OVER 222590 PEOPLE IN 17 DISTRICTS HAVE BEEN AFFECTED DUE TO THE ADVERSE WEATHER CONDITIONS IN MANY PARTS OF SRI LANKA (07-09 NOV).



ECMWF Point RF Fc 3 days before

Outlook for Flash Flood Risk issued at 6z 07 Nov by SAFFGS



## **EXISTING GAPS AND CHALLENGES**

- Progress in seamless prediction from short range, sub seasonal, seasonal and decadal
  at Global scale but not much in operational level in most countries of South Asia
- Wide difference in forecasting capabilities and resources in the region. Most countries in the region have limited access to high resolution NWP products
- Operational weather forecasting based on NWP models has continuously improved over the past few decades but institutional and technical gaps exists in Impact Based Forecasting
- Lack of reliable products to capture the monsoon variability and extreme events
- Lack of observational data especially over Ocean and mountain area's and data sharing issues among the countries
- Lack of capacity on building sector specific Decision Support Systems

## **OPPORTUNITIES**

As all gaps are common in the South Asia: A Regional mechanism could facilitate Collective efforts to:

- Develop reliable forecast products at regional scale
- Make available high resolution forecast products for South Asia
- Make available reliable forecast products at regional scale to capture seasonal to interannual variability of monsoon rainfall and extreme events
- Establish country specific customized trainings
- Promote collaborative research at regional scale Understanding the monsoon process timescale interactions, tropical extra tropical interactions, prediction and predictability of the monsoon, and monsoon variability

## PROBABLE SOLUTIONS

- Leverage existing regional mechanism through SAHF to support the countries
- Pool investments to achieve "Economy of Scale" to address all the critical gaps in observation network, NWP and Impact Forecast domains
- Establish regional level common infrastructure with participation of all SAHF Countries
- Establish Regional forecast products development to:
  - □ address both institutional and technical gaps in Impact Based Forecasting
  - enhance Capacity Building



PROGRAM TO SUPPORT SOUTH ASIA REGIONAL DEVELOPMENT IN OPERATIONAL FORECASTING AND SERVICE DELIVERY

**SAHF Website**: https://sahf3event.rimes.int/